



### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

OMB APPROVAL

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#### FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING			ING 12/31/	
		DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT I	DENTIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: MBM Secu	rities, Inc.			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do no	et use P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
440 Louisiana, Suite 2600				
	(No. a	nd Street)		
Houston	Texas		77002	
(City)		(State)	(Zip	Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P Robert L. Burnam	ERSON TO CO	NTACT IN REGARD TO 1		RT 3-228-6444
			(A	rea Code – Telephone Number
B. ACC	COUNTANT	DENTIFICATION		
Parmet, Chapman & Key, P.C.		contained in this Report*		
6750 W. Loop South, Suite 1010	Bellaire		TX	77401
(Address)	(City)	PROCESSED	(State CGC	Mail Processing:  Section
CHECK ONE:	7	MAR 1 1 2009	F	EB 2 3 2009
☑ Certified Public Accountant				<del></del>
Public Accountant		THOMSON REUTERS	\$ 100	engen, DS
Accountant not resident in Un	ited States or any	of its possessions.		างงา
	FOR OFFICE	AL USE ONLY		

<sup>\*</sup>Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Rob	ert L. Burnam		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
		owledge and belief the accompanying finance Securities, Inc.	cial statement	and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of .	D	recember 31	, 20_08	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
nei	ther	the company nor any partner, proprietor, p	orincipal office	er or director has any proprietary interest in any account
cla:	ssifi	ed solely as that of a customer, except as fo	ollows:	
_				
ſ	31111	LECLAIRE L. LENO		Signature
- {		Notary Public, State of Texas My Commission Expires		Robert L. Burnam, COO and Principal
- 1	3/1/	February 26, 2012		Title
-				
		Notary Public		
Thi	s re	port ** contains (check all applicable boxes	s):	
Z	(a)	Facing Page.	-7.	
Z		Statement of Financial Condition.		
Z		Statement of Income (Loss).		
		Statement of Changes in Financial Condit		1 O. I. D. Carriel Gradual
		Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Ed		
		Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subor Computation of Net Capital.	dillated to Cia	inis of Creditors.
Z		Computation for Determination of Reserv	e Requirement	ts Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
Z		Information Relating to the Possession or		
Z	ő	A Reconciliation, including appropriate ex	planation of th	e Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
		Computation for Determination of the Res	serve Requirer	nents Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(k)		unaudited Sta	tements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
	æ	consolidation.		
	` '	An Oath or Affirmation.		
		) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	ies found to ev	ist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
	(11)	A report describing any material madequat	ica iouilu io cx	ist of found to have existed since the date of the previous additi

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

MBM SECURITIES, INC.
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2008

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors MBM Securities, Inc. Houston, Texas

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of MBM Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2008, and the related statement of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MBM Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Harper E Pearson Conpany, P.C.

Houston, Texas February 9, 2009

One Riverway · Suite 1000 · Houston, Texas 77056-1973 · 713.622.2310 · 713.622.5613 fax

#### **ASSETS**

Cash Investments, at market value Accrued commissions receivable	<b>\$</b> ——	47,061 39,022 32,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	118,083
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Accrued service fee payable	\$	29,440
Franchise tax payable		3,220
TOTAL LIABILITIES		32,660
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common stock - \$1 par value, 500,000 voting shares		
and 500,000 nonvoting shares authorized, 1,000		
voting shares issued and outstanding		1,000
Additional paid-in capital		13,421
Retained earnings		71,002
		85,423
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	118,083

REVENUES  Commissions and other income  Other income	\$ 547,418 12,623
TOTAL REVENUE	560,041
EXPENSES Service fees Professional fees Other	503,625 850 41,403
TOTAL EXPENSES	545,878
NET INCOME	\$ 14,163

## MBM SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

		ommon Stock	F	lditional Paid-In Capital	etained arnings	 Total
Balance, December 31, 2007	\$	1,000	\$	13,421	\$ 56,839	\$ 71,260
Net income				<u>-</u>	 14,163	 14,163
Balance, December 31, 2008	<u>\$</u>	1,000	<u>\$</u>	13,421	\$ 71,002	\$ 85,423

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net income	\$ 14,163
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Unrealized loss on investment	22,377
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Accrued commissions receivable	(2,000)
Accrued service fee payable	1,840
Accrued franchise tax payable	 3,220
Not analy approved and by a proportion and invition	20 600
Net cash provided by operating activities	 39,600
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	39,600
	00,000
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 7,461
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 47,061

#### NOTE A ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization – MBM Securities, Inc. (an S Corporation) ("the Company") is located in Houston, Texas and is a limited business broker dealer that transacts in mutual funds and variable life annuities only. Consequently, the Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under section (K)(1). The Company is registered as a Broker-Dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). Its principal market is the general public in the Southeastern region of Texas.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – The Company maintains its accounts on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accounting principles followed by the Company and the methods of applying those principles, which materially affect the determination of financial position, results of operations and cash flows are summarized below:

<u>Statement Presentation</u> – An unclassified balance sheet is presented in accordance with industry standards.

<u>Revenue Recognition</u> – Commissions are recognized when trades settle and receivables are recorded at that time. Revenues are primarily generated from commissions on sales of mutual funds and variable insurance products.

<u>Income Taxes</u> – No provision has been made for federal income tax, since these taxes are the responsibility of each individual shareholder.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company had no cash equivalents at December 31, 2008.

<u>Investment</u> – At December 31, 2008 the Company had investments in various mutual funds. The investment was valued at market value based upon quoted prices.

<u>Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE B SERVICES AGREEMENT

The Company has entered into a services agreement with MBM Advisors, Inc. (MBM Advisors), a former related party, whereby MBM Advisors will provide administrative and operational services, facilities, compliance assistance, and pay all overhead expenses of the Company.

MBM Advisors receives a proportional allocation service fee equal to 92% of the monthly adjusted net operating income of the Company. Expenses under this agreement during the year ended December 31, 2008 were \$503,625. At December 31, 2008 the Company owed MBM Advisors \$29,440.

#### NOTE C NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Under Rule 15c3-1, the Company must maintain at all times a minimum net capital of \$25,000 and an aggregate indebtedness ratio of no greater than 15 to 1. The following is a summary of the Company's actual capital compared with required capital amounts as of December 31, 2008.

Net Capital - Actual (Schedule I)	\$ 74,545 25,000
Net Capital - Required (Schedule I)	25,000
Excess Net Capital	<u>\$ 49,545</u>
Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital	.438 to 1

#### NOTE D CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of trade receivables and cash. The Company places its cash with high credit quality financial institutions. Deposits with these financial institutions may exceed the amount of federal deposit insurance provided on such deposits; however, these deposits typically may be redeemed upon demand and therefore, bear minimal risk. In monitoring this credit risk, the Company periodically evaluates the stability of the financial institutions. Generally, no collateral or other security is required to support customer receivables. To reduce credit risk, a customer's credit history is reviewed before extending credit. There was no allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2008 as management believes all amounts are collectible.

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which the counter parties primarily include mutual funds, banks, and insurance companies. In the event a counter party does not fulfill its obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the credit worthiness of the counter party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review the credit standings of each counter party.

#### NOTE E INVESTMENT SECURITIES

At December 31, 2008 the Company had the following investments:

	•	Cost	<u>Market</u>
Mutual Funds		<u>\$ 61,399</u>	<u>\$ 39,022</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2008 the Company has included in other income \$22,377 of unrealized loss on its investments.

#### NOTE F OTHER EXPENSES

The Company, beginning in 2007, is making certain payments for personal expenses of the owners as compensation. Such expenses totaled \$30,556 for the year ended December 31, 2008.

# MBM SECURITIES, INC. SCHEDULE I COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2008

·	
NET CAPITAL  Total stockholders' equity qualified for net capital	\$ 85,423
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	85,423
Deductions and/or charges  Nonallowable assets and excess fidelity bond deductions:	(5,029)
NET CAPITAL BEFORE HAIRCUTS ON SECURITIES POSITION	80,394
Haircuts on securities	(5,849)
Net capital	<u>\$ 74,545</u>
COMPUTATION ON BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS  Minimum net capital required (1/15th of total aggregate indebtedness)	<b>\$</b> 2,177
Minimum dollar net capital requirement	\$ 25,000
Net capital requirement (greater of above two minimum requirement amounts)	\$ 25,000
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 49,545</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	.438 to 1

Note: The above computation does not differ materially from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2008, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the Partnership on Part IIA of Form X-17a-5.

### MBM SECURITIES, INC. SCHEDULE II

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS AND INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF SECURITIES UNDER RULE 15C3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### **Exemption Provisions**

The Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under Section (k)(1), in which the firm conducts a limited business (mutual funds and/or variable annuities only).



## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17 A-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15C3-3

February 9, 2009

The Stockholders MBM Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of MBM Securities, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and the practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2008, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the stockholders, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be an should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Harper & Plarson Company, P.C.

Houston, Texas